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**Macroeconomics after Kalecki and Keynes: Post-Keynesian Foundations,  
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**Errata**

**Chapter 4: Post-Keynesian constant price macroeconomic models**

p. 97: Equations (4.45) and the following sentence should be:<sup>1</sup>

$$(4.45) \quad \frac{B_G}{pY} = \frac{D' + iB_G}{\hat{p} + \hat{Y}} \Leftrightarrow i = \hat{p} + \hat{Y} \text{ for } D' = 0.$$

With a balanced primary budget ( $D' = 0$ ), and hence a government deficit equal to government interest payments ( $D = iB$ ), governments can thus service their debt with their current deficits without increasing the government debt-GDP ratio – provided that nominal GDP growth, the sum of real GDP growth and the rate of inflation, does not fall short of the nominal interest rate.

**Chapter 5: Post-Keynesian macroeconomic models with conflict inflation**

p.176: The second sentence in the paragraph below equation (5.68) should read:

With a constant technology in the short run, and hence  $\hat{y} = 0$  and  $\hat{\mu} = 0$ , and a constant mark-up in firms' pricing, given by the structural features of the goods market, and hence  $(1 + \hat{m}) = 0$ , domestic price inflation may thus be driven by domestic wage inflation, foreign price inflation, and/or a continuous devaluation of the domestic currency:

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<sup>1</sup> I am grateful to Ricardo Summa for drawing my attention to this.